



SPACESTATION LIVE

1
00:00:08,710 --> 00:00:06,789
some of the most common skills we use on

2
00:00:10,390 --> 00:00:08,720
earth prove to be much more tedious in

3
00:00:12,230 --> 00:00:10,400
microgravity but they are skills that

4
00:00:14,390 --> 00:00:12,240
astronauts must be able to master as we

5
00:00:16,550 --> 00:00:14,400
journey farther into space an experiment

6
00:00:19,109 --> 00:00:16,560
called fine motor skills is the first to

7
00:00:21,029 --> 00:00:19,119
measure long-term microgravity exposure

8
00:00:23,269 --> 00:00:21,039
different phases of adaptation and

9
00:00:25,349 --> 00:00:23,279
sensory motor recovery after returning

10
00:00:26,790 --> 00:00:25,359
to earth my colleague laurie meggs at

11
00:00:28,950 --> 00:00:26,800
the marshall space flight center in

12
00:00:30,870 --> 00:00:28,960
huntsville alabama spoke with christina

13
00:00:32,790 --> 00:00:30,880

holden the principal investigator of

14

00:00:34,870 --> 00:00:32,800

this study to learn more

15

00:00:36,630 --> 00:00:34,880

we're interested in finding out if there

16

00:00:39,190 --> 00:00:36,640

are any effects of long-duration

17

00:00:41,030 --> 00:00:39,200

microgravity on fine motor skills

18

00:00:43,110 --> 00:00:41,040

we're particularly interested in looking

19

00:00:45,270 --> 00:00:43,120

at advanced technologies like touch

20

00:00:46,549 --> 00:00:45,280

screens and gesture devices because we

21

00:00:48,310 --> 00:00:46,559

think those are the kind of devices that

22

00:00:50,229 --> 00:00:48,320

crew members will be using on future

23

00:00:51,830 --> 00:00:50,239

missions and we want to make sure that

24

00:00:53,910 --> 00:00:51,840

if they're on a long duration journey to

25

00:00:55,990 --> 00:00:53,920

mars for example that they're able to

26

00:00:58,229 --> 00:00:56,000

interact accurately with those devices

27

00:00:59,510 --> 00:00:58,239

once they go to the planet surface what

28

00:01:00,549 --> 00:00:59,520

types of fine motor skills are we

29

00:01:03,270 --> 00:01:00,559

talking about

30

00:01:06,310 --> 00:01:03,280

so we are doing the study on a apple

31

00:01:08,149 --> 00:01:06,320

ipad and using the touch screen and so

32

00:01:10,230 --> 00:01:08,159

we have four different tasks that are

33

00:01:12,310 --> 00:01:10,240

part of the investigation they include

34

00:01:14,870 --> 00:01:12,320

things like pointing to a target

35

00:01:16,950 --> 00:01:14,880

dragging to a target shape tracing a

36

00:01:19,190 --> 00:01:16,960

circle in square shape tracing and then

37

00:01:22,070 --> 00:01:19,200

a pinch rotate task which is a

38

00:01:23,749 --> 00:01:22,080

multi-touch task for the touch screen

39

00:01:24,950 --> 00:01:23,759

why do we need to know this

40

00:01:27,350 --> 00:01:24,960

well so

41

00:01:30,069 --> 00:01:27,360

crew members more and more are using

42

00:01:31,749 --> 00:01:30,079

ipads on board iss and

43

00:01:34,230 --> 00:01:31,759

so they're using a lot of touch screen

44

00:01:37,350 --> 00:01:34,240

interfaces and a lot of times if

45

00:01:39,270 --> 00:01:37,360

interfaces aren't designed well

46

00:01:41,109 --> 00:01:39,280

there are a lot of errors and so we want

47

00:01:42,789 --> 00:01:41,119

to make sure we know if there's any

48

00:01:44,950 --> 00:01:42,799

performance decrements after being in

49

00:01:46,310 --> 00:01:44,960

microgravity for a long time that we

50

00:01:48,069 --> 00:01:46,320

might need to accommodate with a

51

00:01:49,670 --> 00:01:48,079

different type of design

52

00:01:51,990 --> 00:01:49,680

would this lead to new designs for our

53

00:01:54,149 --> 00:01:52,000

ipads yes we're very excited about that

54

00:01:57,670 --> 00:01:54,159

actually the particular application we

55

00:01:59,910 --> 00:01:57,680

think it has is for populations who do

56

00:02:02,230 --> 00:01:59,920

have problems with fine motor skills so

57

00:02:04,550 --> 00:02:02,240

we're looking into using the test

58

00:02:06,789 --> 00:02:04,560

battery that we've developed for

59

00:02:08,710 --> 00:02:06,799

elderly populations or brain injured or

60

00:02:10,550 --> 00:02:08,720

parkinson's patients

61

00:02:12,710 --> 00:02:10,560

who need to be tested you know it could

62

00:02:13,750 --> 00:02:12,720

be used as a diagnostic tool we also

63

00:02:15,910 --> 00:02:13,760

think it could be used as a

64

00:02:18,390 --> 00:02:15,920
rehabilitation tool

65

00:02:19,990 --> 00:02:18,400
that's really cool it's really cool

66

00:02:21,589 --> 00:02:20,000
we have a couple of universities that

67

00:02:23,350 --> 00:02:21,599
are very interested in working with us

68

00:02:24,790 --> 00:02:23,360
to kind of move the product in that

69

00:02:27,430 --> 00:02:24,800
direction

70

00:02:29,110 --> 00:02:27,440
so have you done other studies like this

71

00:02:31,190 --> 00:02:29,120
we've done a number of ground studies

72

00:02:32,869 --> 00:02:31,200
looking at fine motor skills but this is

73

00:02:35,030 --> 00:02:32,879
really the first flight study that we've

74

00:02:37,270 --> 00:02:35,040
done pretty exciting that you can do it

75

00:02:39,430 --> 00:02:37,280
for a year right it is so exciting you

76
00:02:41,350 --> 00:02:39,440
know we come from human factors and we

77
00:02:43,190 --> 00:02:41,360
don't get to do a lot of flight studies

78
00:02:45,670 --> 00:02:43,200
and so we are thrilled to be part of the

79
00:02:48,070 --> 00:02:45,680
one year mission this is a really a

80
00:02:49,990 --> 00:02:48,080
great opportunity to complete a data set

81
00:02:51,830 --> 00:02:50,000
that is a little bit lacking so there's

82
00:02:52,949 --> 00:02:51,840
been some data in the past on fine motor

83
00:02:54,710 --> 00:02:52,959
skills

84
00:02:57,750 --> 00:02:54,720
not interacting with the kind of devices

85
00:03:00,229 --> 00:02:57,760
that we're using but also um with a lot

86
00:03:01,589 --> 00:03:00,239
of lapses in the data you know over the

87
00:03:03,670 --> 00:03:01,599
mission and so this is a great

88
00:03:05,670 --> 00:03:03,680

opportunity for us to get data

89

00:03:07,190 --> 00:03:05,680

pre-flight throughout a whole one-year